

107TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 1254

To establish a program to provide for a reduction in the incidence and prevalence of Lyme disease.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 27, 2001

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey (for himself, Mr. PITTS, Mr. MALONEY of Connecticut, Mr. GILMAN, Mrs. MORELLA, Mr. HINCHEY, Mr. DELAHUNT, Mr. TRAFICANT, Mr. WOLF, Mr. TOWNS, and Mr. SAXTON) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Armed Services, Resources, and Agriculture, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To establish a program to provide for a reduction in the incidence and prevalence of Lyme disease.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “Lyme Disease Initia-
3 tive of 2001”.

4 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

5 The Congress finds as follows:

6 (1) The incidence of Lyme disease in the
7 United States is increasing rapidly. The Centers for
8 Disease Control and Prevention (“CDC”) has deter-
9 mined that, since 1982, there has been a 25-fold in-
10 crease in reported cases.

11 (2) In 1999, a total of 16,273 cases of Lyme
12 disease were reported to CDC by 50 States and the
13 District of Columbia (the overall incidence was 4.67
14 per 100,000), representing a 27 percent increase
15 from the 12,807 cases reported in 1997.

16 (3) There is no reliable standardized diagnostic
17 test for chronic Lyme disease, and the test for acute
18 Lyme disease should be improved. As a result, the
19 disease is underreported or misreported by as much
20 as 10 or 12 fold, according to some studies, because
21 the symptoms of Lyme disease mimic other health
22 conditions. Thus, precise figures on the incidence of
23 Lyme disease are difficult to develop.

24 (4) Lyme disease costs our Nation between
25 \$1,000,000,000 and \$2,000,000,000 in medical
26 costs annually, according to studies. Lost produc-

1 tivity annually per person from Lyme disease has
2 been estimated at 5 to 37 days.

3 (5) Many health care providers lack the nec-
4 essary knowledge and expertise—particularly in non-
5 endemic areas—to accurately diagnose and prevent
6 Lyme disease. As a result, patients often visit mul-
7 tiple doctors before obtaining a diagnosis of the dis-
8 ease, resulting in prolonged pain and suffering, un-
9 necessary tests, and costly, delayed, or futile treat-
10 ments.

11 (6) Due to scientific uncertainties about the di-
12 agnosis of acute and chronic Lyme disease, and the
13 proper course and length of treatment, many pa-
14 tients have encountered difficulties in obtaining
15 needed insurance coverage for Lyme disease.

16 (7) Most Lyme disease infections are thought to
17 result from peri-residential exposure to infected ticks
18 during property maintenance, recreation, and leisure
19 activities. Thus, individuals who live or work in resi-
20 dential areas surrounded by woods or overgrown
21 brush infested by vector ticks are at risk of Lyme
22 disease. In addition, persons who participate in rec-
23 reational activities away from home (such as hiking,
24 camping, fishing and hunting in tick habitat) and
25 persons who engage in outdoor occupations (such as

1 landscaping, brush clearing, forestry, military serv-
2 ice, and wildlife and parks management in endemic
3 areas) may also be at risk of Lyme disease. Some
4 estimates indicate outdoor workers have a four-to-six
5 fold elevation in risk of Lyme disease.

6 **SEC. 3. PUBLIC HEALTH GOALS; FIVE-YEAR PLAN.**

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and
8 Human Services (acting as appropriate through the Direc-
9 tor of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the
10 Director of the National Institutes of Health, and the
11 Commissioner of Food and Drugs), the Secretary of Agri-
12 culture, the Secretary of the Interior, and the Secretary
13 of Defense (in this Act referred to collectively as the “Sec-
14 retaries”) shall collaborate to carry out the following:

15 (1) The Secretaries shall establish the goals de-
16 scribed in subsections (c) through (g) relating to ac-
17 tivities to provide for a reduction in the incidence
18 and prevalence of Lyme disease and related tick-
19 borne infectious diseases.

20 (2) The Secretaries shall carry out activities to-
21 ward achieving the goals, which may include activi-
22 ties carried out directly by the Secretaries and ac-
23 tivities carried out through awards of grants or con-
24 tracts to public or nonprofit private entities.

1 (3) In carrying out paragraph (2), the Secre-
2 taries shall give priority—

3 (A) first, to achieving the goal under sub-
4 section (c);

5 (B) second, to achieving the goal under
6 subsection (d);

7 (C) third, to achieving the goal under sub-
8 section (e);

9 (D) fourth, to achieving the goal under
10 subsection (f); and

11 (E) fifth, to achieving the goal under sub-
12 section (g).

13 (b) FIVE-YEAR PLAN.—In carrying out subsection
14 (a), the Secretaries shall establish a plan that, for the five
15 fiscal years following the date of the enactment of this
16 Act, provides for the activities to be carried out during
17 such fiscal years toward achieving the goals under sub-
18 sections (c) through (g). The plan shall, as appropriate
19 to such goals, provide for the coordination of programs
20 and activities regarding Lyme disease that are conducted
21 or supported by the Federal Government.

22 (c) FIRST GOAL: DETECTION TEST.—For purposes
23 of subsection (a), the goal described in this subsection is
24 the development of novel and more sensitive, specific, and

1 reproducible diagnostic tests and procedures (or the im-
2 provement or refinement of existing tests) that—

3 (1) can accurately determine whether an indi-
4 vidual has acute or chronic Lyme disease;

5 (2) can accurately determine the activity of
6 acute or chronic Lyme disease infection or both;

7 (3) can accurately distinguish acute or chronic
8 Lyme disease or both from other related, tick-borne,
9 coinfectious diseases; and

10 (4) can accurately measure the responsiveness
11 of acute or chronic Lyme disease infection or both
12 to treatment.

13 (d) SECOND GOAL: IMPROVED SURVEILLANCE AND
14 REPORTING SYSTEM.—

15 (1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subsection
16 (a), the goal described in this subsection is to assess
17 the medical, social, and economic burden of Lyme
18 disease in the United States. This assessment shall
19 include a review of the system in the United States
20 for surveillance and reporting with respect to Lyme
21 disease and a determination of whether and in what
22 manner the system can be improved.

23 (2) CERTAIN ACTIVITIES.—In carrying out ac-
24 tivities toward the goal described in paragraph (1),
25 the Secretaries shall—

1 (A) consult with the States, the Conference
2 of State and Territorial Epidemiologists, units
3 of local government, physicians and health pro-
4 viders, patients with Lyme disease, and organi-
5 zations representing such patients;

6 (B) consider whether uniform formats
7 should be developed for the reporting by physi-
8 cians and laboratories of cases of Lyme disease
9 to public health officials; and

10 (C) with respect to health conditions that
11 are reported by physicians as cases of Lyme
12 disease but do not meet the surveillance criteria
13 established by the Director of the Centers for
14 Disease Control and Prevention to be counted
15 as such cases, consider whether data on such
16 health conditions should be maintained and
17 analyzed to assist in understanding the cir-
18 cumstances in which Lyme disease is being di-
19 agnosed and the manner in which it is being
20 treated.

21 (e) THIRD GOAL: LYME DISEASE PREVENTION; DE-
22 VELOPMENT OF INDICATORS.—For purposes of subsection
23 (a), the goal described in this subsection is to reduce,
24 through the use of effective public health education, pre-
25 vention, and tick population reduction techniques, the inci-

1 dence of Lyme disease in the 10 highest endemic States
2 by 33 percent by the date that is five years after the date
3 of the enactment of this Act. In carrying out activities to-
4 ward such goal, the Secretaries shall carry out each of
5 the following:

6 (1) Establish a baseline incidence rate of Lyme
7 disease in the 10 highest endemic States. The estab-
8 lishment of this baseline must take into consider-
9 ation the surveillance criteria review specified in sub-
10 section (d).

11 (2) Encourage the use of natural and nonpes-
12 ticial methods to control and reduce tick popu-
13 lations, where appropriate.

14 (3) Reduce the risks of Lyme disease at all fed-
15 erally owned lands located in endemic States and re-
16 gions, as well as at locations known or suspected to
17 pose a risk of Lyme disease to patrons and employ-
18 ees, through the following:

19 (A) The development of standardized, peri-
20 odic (not less than one per year) Lyme disease
21 risk assessments that test and then categorize
22 the overall level of risk of Lyme disease at fed-
23 erally owned lands in endemic States and re-
24 gions. The Lyme disease risk assessments shall

1 be made available to the public in appropriate
2 forms, and may include such factors as—

3 (i) whether any human cases of Lyme
4 disease have been diagnosed and treated
5 on, or in areas adjacent to, the federally
6 owned lands;

7 (ii) whether vectors capable of trans-
8 mitting Lyme disease to humans are
9 known to inhabit the federally owned land;

10 (iii) whether any such vectors present
11 on the federally owned land are known to
12 actually be infected with Lyme disease;
13 and

14 (iv) the geographic distribution of
15 Lyme disease risk within the federally
16 owned land;

17 (B) The development and coordination of
18 public awareness programs to educate patrons,
19 employees, and health professionals at federally
20 owned lands about: the risks of Lyme disease,
21 all appropriate prevention methods that can be
22 used to reduce these risks, and information
23 about the symptoms and nature of the disease.

24 (C) The use of appropriate habitat man-
25 agement and integrated pest-control techniques

1 to reduce the number of tick-borne Lyme dis-
2 ease vectors in areas where humans work or
3 recreate.

4 (f) FOURTH GOAL: PREVENTION OF TICK-BORNE
5 DISEASES OTHER THAN LYME.—For purposes of sub-
6 section (a), the goal described in this subsection is to de-
7 velop the capabilities at the Centers for Disease Control
8 and Prevention, within the Department of Defense, and
9 in State and local health departments to implement ade-
10 quate surveillance, improved diagnosis, and effective strat-
11 egies for the prevention and control of tick-borne diseases
12 other than Lyme disease. Such diseases may include
13 Lyme-like illness, ehrlichiosis, babesiosis, other bacterial,
14 viral and rickettsial diseases such as tularemia, tick-borne
15 encephalitis, and Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever, respec-
16 tively.

17 (g) FIFTH GOAL: IMPROVED PUBLIC AND PHYSICIAN
18 EDUCATION.—For purposes of subsection (a), the goal de-
19 scribed in this subsection is to improve the knowledge of
20 physicians, health care providers, and the public regarding
21 the best and most effective methods to prevent, diagnose,
22 and treat Lyme disease and related tick-borne diseases.

23 **SEC. 4. LYME DISEASE TASKFORCE.**

24 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the
25 date of enactment of this Act, there shall be established

1 in accordance with this section an advisory committee to
2 be known as the Lyme Disease Taskforce (in this section
3 referred to as the “Task Force”).

4 (b) DUTIES.—The Task Force shall provide advice
5 to the Secretaries with respect to achieving the goals
6 under section 3, including advice on the plan under sub-
7 section (b) of such section. Nothing in this section may
8 be construed as interfering with or undermining the peer
9 review process for research programs and grants, and the
10 Task Force shall take care that its activities complement
11 existing interagency relationships and interdepartmental
12 working groups to the maximum extent practicable.

13 (c) MEMBERSHIP.—

14 (1) EX OFFICIO MEMBERS.—The following offi-
15 cials (or their designees) shall serve as ex officio
16 members of the Task Force:

17 (A) The Director of the National Institute
18 of Allergy and Infectious Diseases.

19 (B) The Director of the National Institute
20 of Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Dis-
21 eases.

22 (C) The Director of the National Institute
23 of Neurological Disorders and Stroke.

24 (D) The Director of the National Center
25 for Infectious Diseases.

1 (E) The Director of the Epidemiology Pro-
2 gram Office.

3 (F) The Director of the Public Health
4 Practice Program Office.

5 (G) The Commander of the United States
6 Army Medical Command.

7 (H) The Commander of the United States
8 Army Center for Health Promotion and Pre-
9 ventative Medicine.

10 (I) The Director of the Center for Bio-
11 logics Evaluation and Research.

12 (J) The Administrator of the Agricultural
13 Research Service.

14 (K) The Director of the National Park
15 Service.

16 (L) The Director of the Fish and Wildlife
17 Service.

18 (M) The Director of the Indian Health
19 Service.

20 (N) The Chief Biologist of the Biological
21 Resources Division, United States Geological
22 Survey.

23 (2) APPOINTED MEMBERS.—Appointments to
24 the Task Force shall be made in accordance with the
25 following:

1 (A) Two members shall be research sci-
2 entists with demonstrated achievements in re-
3 search related to Lyme disease and related tick-
4 borne diseases. The scientists shall be appointed
5 by the Secretary of Health and Human Services
6 (in this paragraph referred to as the “Sec-
7 retary”) in consultation with the National
8 Academy of Sciences.

9 (B) Four members shall be representatives
10 of organizations whose primary emphasis is on
11 research and public education into Lyme dis-
12 ease and related tick-borne diseases. One rep-
13 resentative from each of such organizations
14 shall be appointed by the Secretary in consulta-
15 tion with the National Academy of Sciences.

16 (C) Two members shall be clinicians with
17 extensive experience in the treatment of individ-
18 uals with chronic Lyme disease and related
19 tick-borne diseases. The clinicians shall be ap-
20 pointed by the Secretary in consultation with
21 the Institute of Medicine and the National
22 Academy of Sciences.

23 (D) Two members shall be individuals who
24 are the parents, spouse, or legal guardians of a
25 person or persons that have contracted Lyme

1 disease or a related tick-borne disease. The in-
2 dividuals shall be appointed by the Secretary in
3 consultation with the ex officio members under
4 paragraph (1) and the four organizations re-
5 ferred to in subparagraph (B).

6 (E) One member shall be a representative
7 of the Council of State and Territorial Epi-
8 demologists.

9 (F) One member shall be a representative
10 of the National Association of County and City
11 Health Officials.

12 (G) One member shall be an epidemiologist
13 of demonstrated achievements in the field of ep-
14 idemiology. The epidemiologist shall be ap-
15 pointed by the Secretary in consultation with
16 the National Academy of Sciences.

17 (d) ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT; TERMS OF SERVICE;
18 OTHER PROVISIONS.—The following apply with respect to
19 the Task Force:

20 (1) The Task Force shall receive necessary and
21 appropriate administrative support from the Depart-
22 ment of Health and Human Services.

23 (2) Members of the Task Force shall be ap-
24 pointed for the duration of the Task Force.

1 (3) From among the members appointed under
2 subsection (c)(2), the Task Force shall designate an
3 individual to serve as the chair of the Task Force.

4 (4) The Task Force shall meet no less than two
5 times per year.

6 (5) Members of the Task Force shall not re-
7 ceive additional compensation for their service. Such
8 members may receive reimbursement for appropriate
9 and additional expenses that are incurred through
10 service on the Task Force which would not have in-
11 curred had they not been a member of the Task
12 Force.

13 (6) Any vacancy in the membership of the Task
14 Force shall be filled in the manner in which the
15 original appointment was made and does not affect
16 the power of the remaining members to carry out
17 the duties of the Task Force.

18 **SEC. 5. ANNUAL REPORTS.**

19 The Secretaries shall submit to the Congress periodic
20 reports on the activities carried out under this Act and
21 the extent of progress being made toward the goals estab-
22 lished under section 3. The first such report shall be sub-
23 mitted not later than 18 months after the date of the en-
24 actment of this Act, and subsequent reports shall be sub-
25 mitted annually thereafter until the goals are met.

1 **SEC. 6. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

2 (a) NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH.—In addi-
3 tion to other authorizations of appropriations that are
4 available for carrying out the purposes described in this
5 Act and that are established for the National Institutes
6 of Health, there are authorized to be appropriated to the
7 Director of such Institutes for such purposes \$8,000,000
8 for each of the fiscal years 2002 through 2006.

9 (b) CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVEN-
10 TION.—In addition to other authorizations of appropria-
11 tions that are available for carrying out the purposes de-
12 scribed in this Act and that are established for the Centers
13 for Disease Control and Prevention, there are authorized
14 to be appropriated to the Director of such Centers for such
15 purposes \$8,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2002
16 through 2006.

17 (c) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.—In addition to
18 other authorizations of appropriations that are available
19 for carrying out the purposes described in this Act and
20 that are established for the Department of Defense, there
21 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of De-
22 fense for such purposes \$6,000,000 for each of the fiscal
23 years 2002 through 2006.

24 (d) DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.—In addition to
25 other authorizations of appropriations that are available
26 for carrying out the purposes described in this Act and

1 that are established for the Department of Agriculture,
2 there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary
3 of Agriculture for such purposes \$1,500,000 for each of
4 the fiscal years 2002 through 2006.

5 (e) DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR.—In addition to
6 other authorizations of appropriations that are available
7 for carrying out the purposes described in this Act and
8 that are established for the Department of the Interior,
9 there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary
10 of the Interior for such purposes \$1,500,000 million for
11 each of the fiscal years 2002 through 2006.

